

ADAPTIVE TACTICAL DECISIONS IN PEDESTRIAN SIMULATION: A HYBRID AGENT APPROACH

AI * IA 2015, Ferrara

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MOTIVATIONS OF PEDESTRIAN DYNAMICS SIMULATION

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Application of pedestrian simulation models:

- *Planning of infrastructures and events:*

- security
- walkability

- *Transportation Planning*

- *Real-time Evacuation Systems*

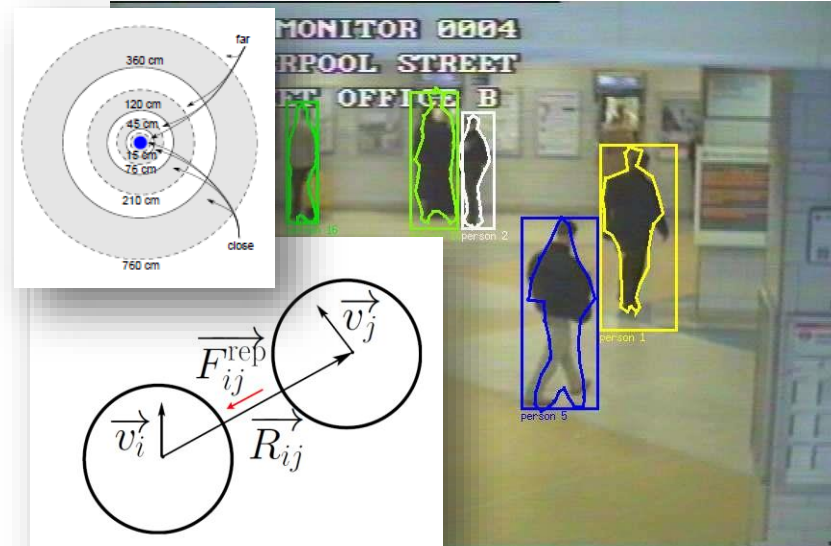
- *Surveillance:*

- Improving tracking results
- Characterizing the analyzed scene

off-line

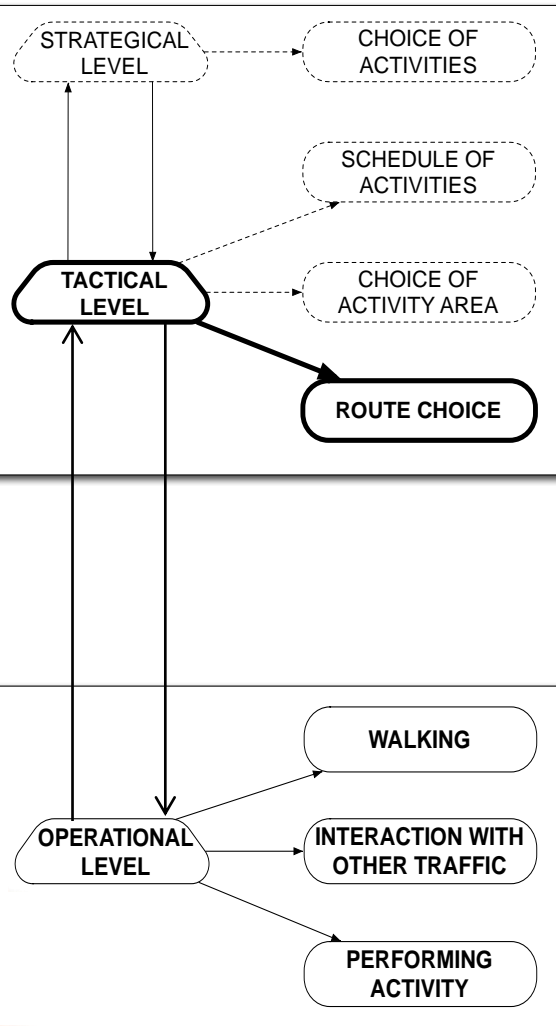


on-line



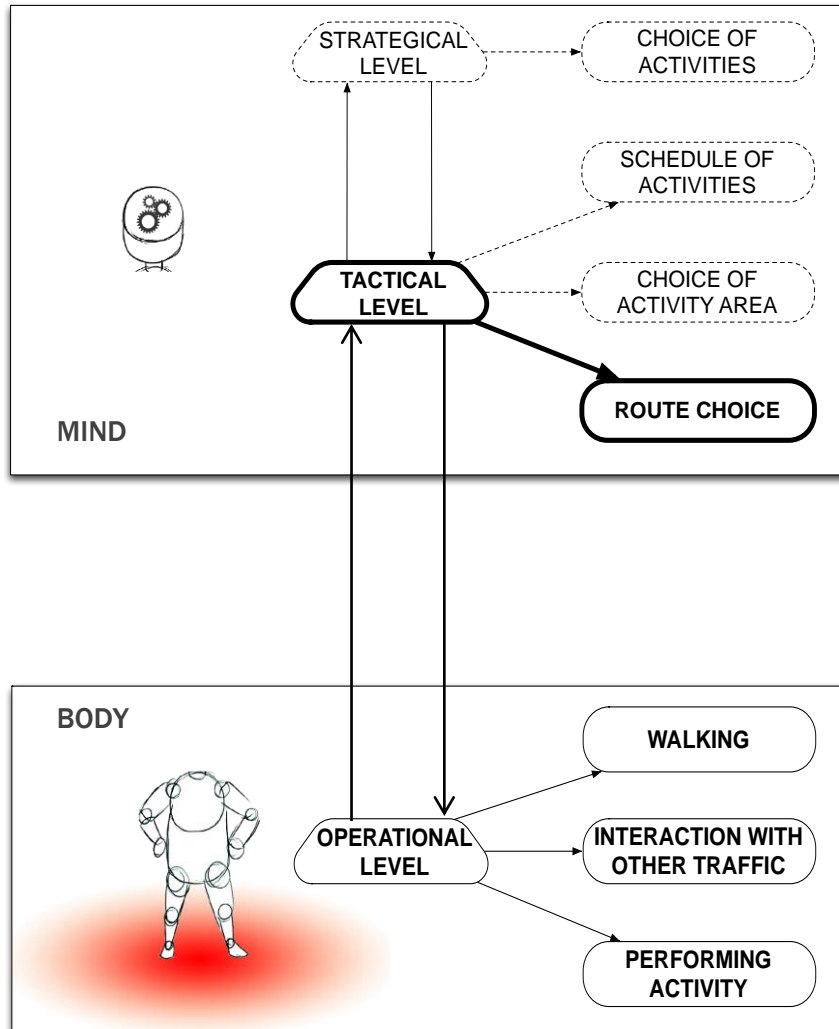
PEDESTRIAN DYNAMICS – THE 3 LEVELS OF BEHAVIOR

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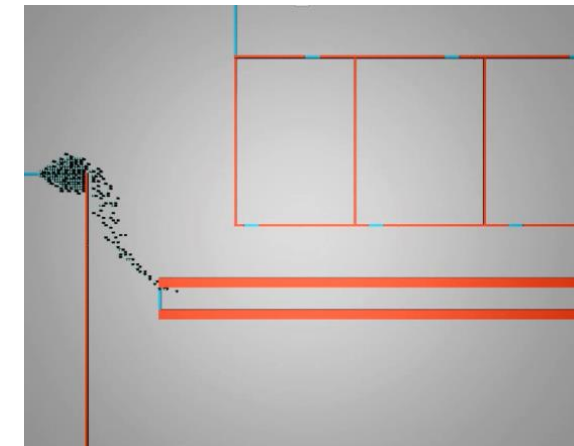
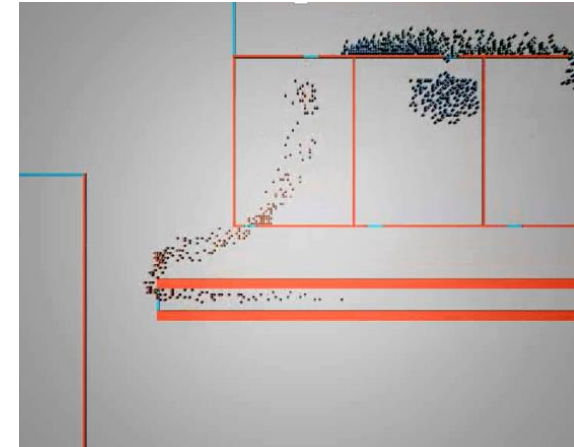
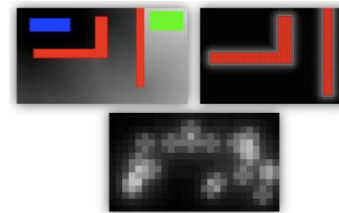
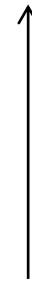
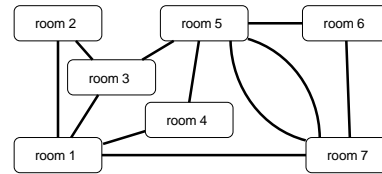
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COGNITIVE

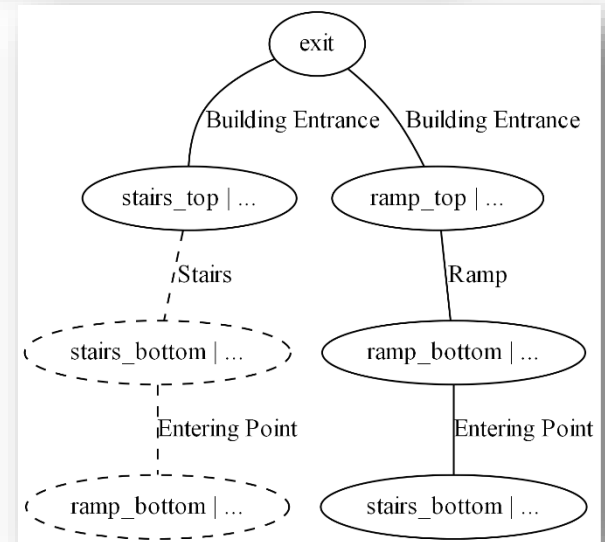
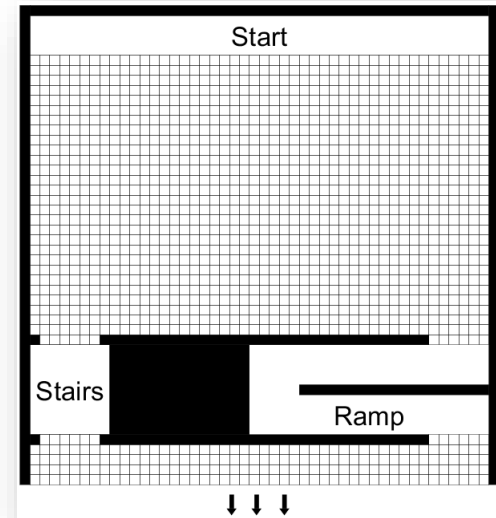
REACTIVE



INTRODUCTION TO THE PATHS TREE

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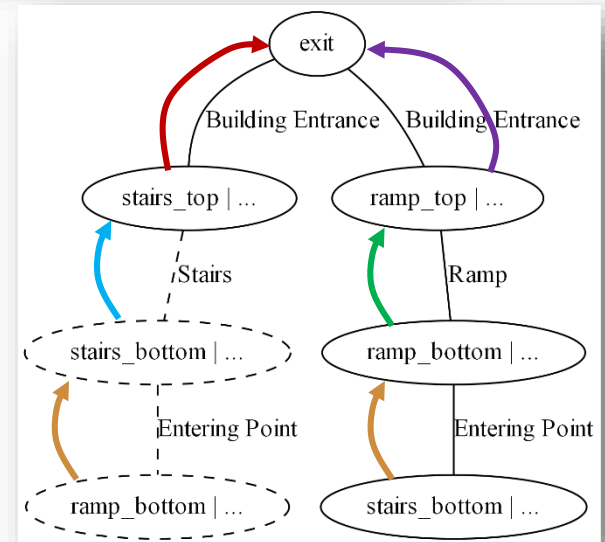
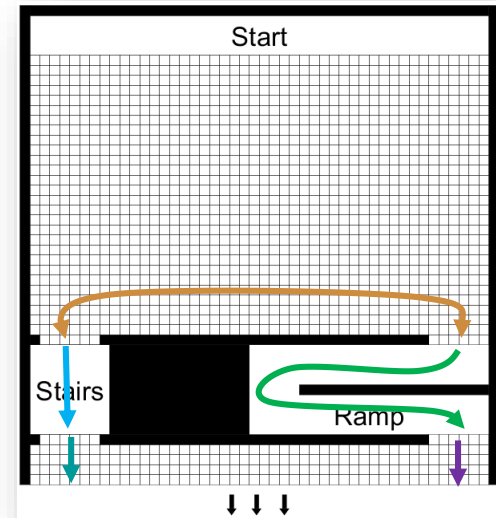
- Given an arbitrary environment, the agent should be able to plan a path toward its target, considering:
 - The types of environment that will be crossed → *static* elements
 - The emergence of congestion or other elements influencing the path conditions → *dynamic* elements
- The choice among paths is performed according to the expected traveling time, dynamically changing.
- The decision tree contains the average traveling time of each **minimal** path to a destination, estimated by considering static elements and the average speed of the agents.



INTRODUCTION TO THE PATHS TREE

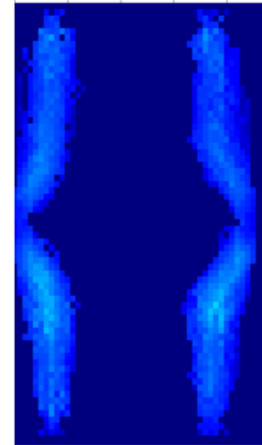
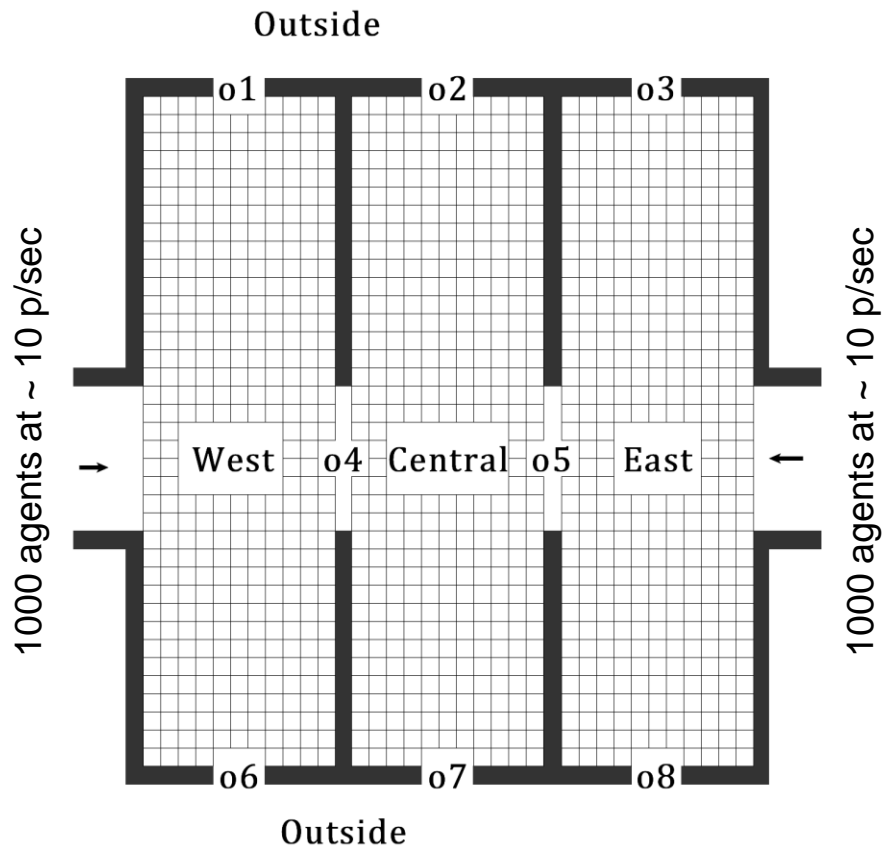
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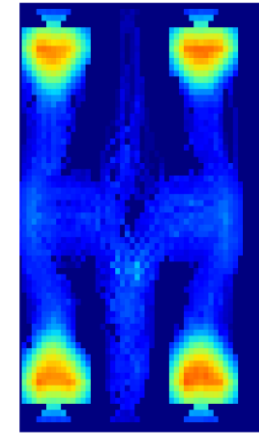


AN EVACUATION OF A LARGE POPULATION OF PEDESTRIANS

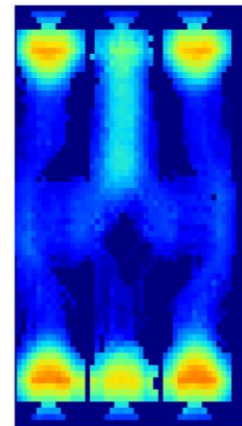
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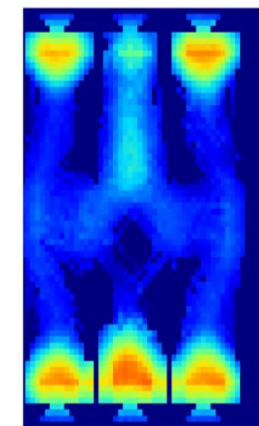
Step 50



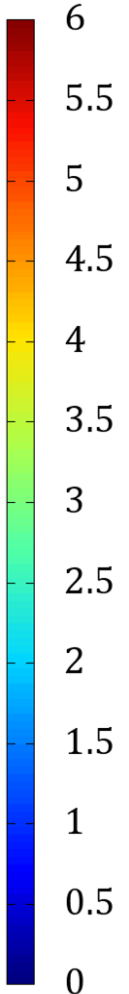
Step 200



Step 350

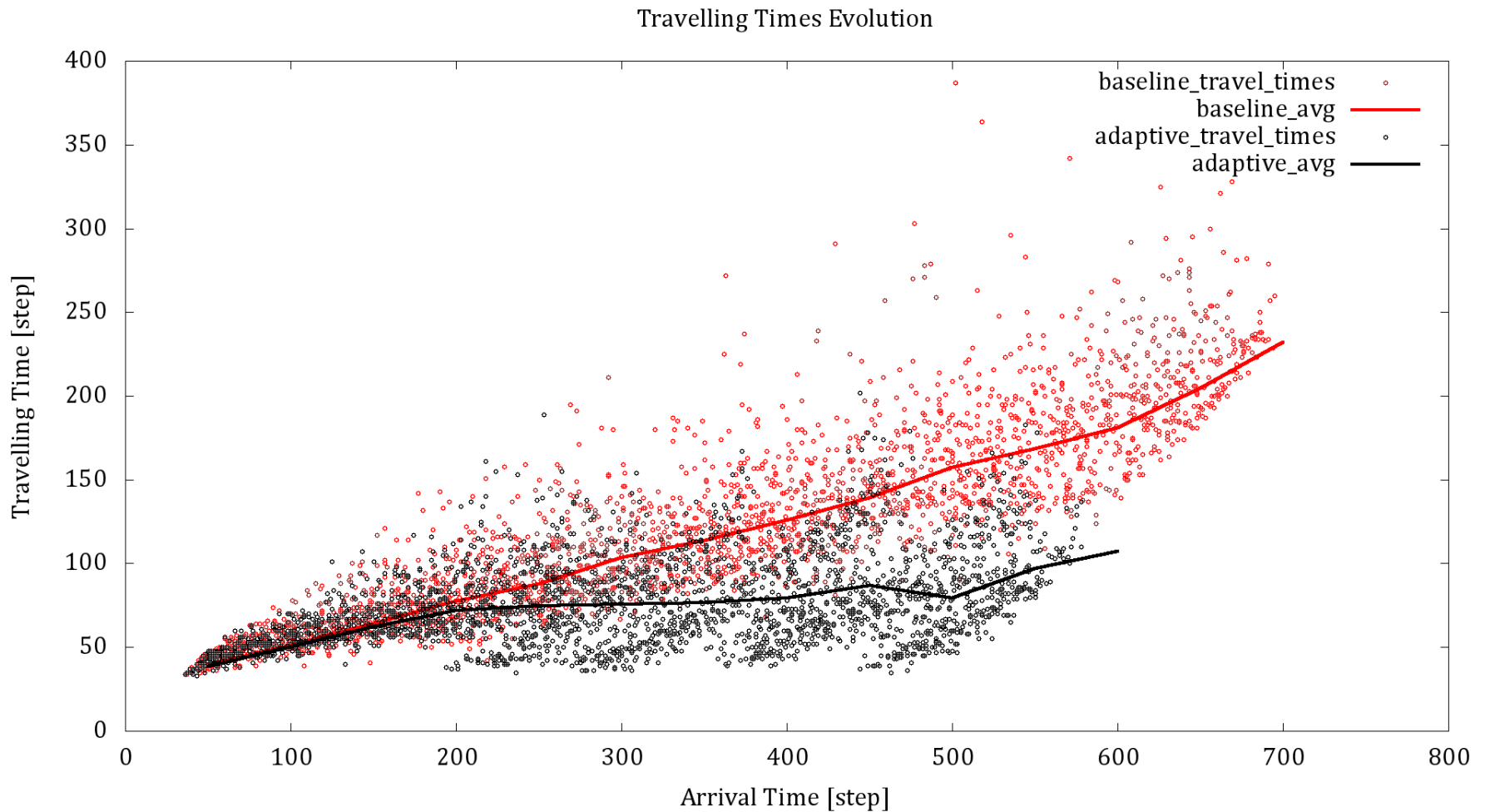


Step 500



QUANTITATIVE RESULTS

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THANK YOU!

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For technical information, questions or simple curiosities about this work, please come at my table!

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